



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/708,795	11/07/2000	Stefanos Sidiropoulos	RBI-005US	2457
29150	7590	06/27/2005	EXAMINER	
LEE & HAYES, PLLC 421 W. RIVERSIDE AVE, STE 500 SPOKANE, WA 99201				CHANG, EDITH M
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				2637

DATE MAILED: 06/27/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/708,795	SIDIROPOULOS ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Edith M. Chang	2637	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 March 2005.
 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.
 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-67 is/are pending in the application.
 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
 6) Claim(s) 1,2,4-7,9-14,16-35,37-40,42-44,46-50,52,53 and 63-67 is/are rejected.
 7) Claim(s) 3,8,15,36,41,45,51 and 54-62 is/are objected to.
 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
 10) The drawing(s) filed on 14 March 2005 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
 Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
 Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____. | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____. |

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments, see pages 23-28, filed on March 14, 2005, with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 1-13, 16-24, 27-29, 31-34, 37-45, 48-49 and 52-67 under 35 USC 103(a) have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Perner.

Drawings

2. The drawings were received on March 14, 2005. These drawings are accepted.

Claim Objections

3. Claims 1-67 are objected to because of the following informalities:

Claim 1, line 8: "respectively with the one or more signal voltages" is suggested changing to "with the plurality of signal voltages"; line 10: "an individual signal receiver receives both its" is suggested changing to "each of the signal receivers receives both an "; line 12: "said individual signal receiver evaluates its" is suggested changing to "each of the signal receivers evaluates the".

Claim 2, lines 1-2: "said individual signal receiver" is suggested changing to "each of the signal receivers"; line 3: "an output" is suggested changing to "the output".

Claim 5, line 2: "the signal voltages" should be "the plurality of signal voltages".

Art Unit: 2637

Claims 6, 7 & 8, line 3: "the signal receivers" is suggested changing to "each of the signal receivers".

Claims 9 & 10, line 1: "further" is suggested changing to "the signal receivers further"; line 2: "the signal voltages" is suggested changing to "the plurality of signal voltages"; line 7: "the signal buffers" is suggested changing to "the plurality of signal buffers".

Claim 10, line 11: "the signal buffers" is suggested changing to "the plurality of signal buffers".

Claim 11, line 1: "further" is suggested changing to "the signal receivers further"; line 2: "the signal voltages" is suggested changing to "the plurality of signal voltages".

Claim 12, line 1: "further" is suggested changing to "the signal receivers further"; line 2: "the signal voltages" is suggested changing to "the plurality of signal voltages"; line 4: "the signal buffers" is suggested changing to "the plurality of signal buffers".

Claims 14 & 15, line 2: "the individual signal receiver" is suggested changing to "each of the signal receivers".

Claim 16, lines 1 & 4: "each" is suggested changing to "the"; line 3: "the signal voltages" is suggested changing to "the plurality of signal voltages".

Claim 18, line 2: "associated" is suggested changing to "the associated".

Claim 19, line 12: "the reference and signal inputs" is suggested changing to "the reference input and the plurality of signal inputs".

Claims 20 & 21, line 8: "each of the" is suggested changing to "each of the plurality of the".

Art Unit: 2637

Claim 21 line 12 & Claim 23 line 5: "the signal buffers" is suggested changing to "the plurality of the signal buffers".

Claim 25, line 3: "the signal inputs" is suggested changing to "the plurality of signal inputs".

Claim 27, lines 2 & 4: "signal voltage" is suggested changing to "of the pseudo-differential signal voltages"; line 3: "the signal voltages" is suggested changing to "the pseudo-differential voltages".

Claim 28, lines 1-2: "the reference and signal inputs" is suggested changing to "the reference input and the plurality of signal inputs".

Claim 29, lines 11-12; "each signal comparator" is suggested changing to "each of the signal comparators".

Claims 30 & 31, lines 4-5: "each buffered signal voltage" is suggested changing to "each of the buffered signal voltages".

Claim 37, lines 1-2 & 4-5: "each pseudo-differential signal voltage" is suggested changing to "each of the pseudo-differential signal voltages"

Claim 39 lines 7 & 8, Claims 40 & 43 line 2: "the signal voltages" is suggested changing to "the plurality of signal voltages".

Claims 44 & 45, line 2: "a distributed" should be " the distributed"; line 3: "an undistributed" is suggested changing to "the undistributed".

Claim 46, line 3: "the signal voltages" is suggested changing to "the plurality of signal voltages"; line 4: "each buffered signal voltage" is suggested changing to "each of the buffered signal voltages".

Art Unit: 2637

Claim 47, line 3: "the signal voltages" is suggested changing to "the plurality of signal voltages"; line 4: "each buffered signal voltage" is suggested changing to "each of the buffered signal voltages"; line 9: "the signal buffers" should be "the source-follower signal buffers".

Claims 48-51 line 2, Claim 52 line 3: "the signal voltages" is suggested changing to "the plurality of signal voltages".

Claim 54, line 12: "an individual signal receiver receives both its" is suggested changing to "each of the signal receivers receives both an"; line 14: individual signal receiver adjusts its" is suggested changing to "each of the signal receivers adjusts the".

Claim 56, line 3: "adjusts signal voltage" is suggested changing to "adjusts the associated signal voltage".

Claim 57, line 2: "the signal voltages" is suggested changing to "the plurality of signal voltages".

Claim 59, line 8: "the signal receivers" is suggested changing to "the two-stage receivers"; line 13: "an individual signal receiver compares its" is suggested changing to "each of the two-stage receivers compares an"; line 16: "individual two-stage receiver" is suggested changing to "each of the two-stage receivers".

Claim 61, line 2: "the signal voltages" is suggested changing to "the plurality of signal voltages".

Claim 63, line 3: "the pseudo-" is suggested changing to "the plurality of pseudo-"; lines 11-12: "each two-stage signal receiver adjusting one of the pseudo-" is

suggested changing to "each of the two-stage signal receivers adjusting one of the plurality of pseudo-".

Claim 64, lines 1-2: "each two-stage signal receiver" is suggested changing to "each of the two-stage signal receivers".

Claim 65, line 4: "an individual two-stage signal receiver compares its" is suggested changing to "each of the two-stage signal receivers compares an"; line 7: "each of the two-stage signal receivers".

Claims 3-4, 13, 17, 22, 24, 26, 32-36, 38, 41-42, 52-53, 55, 58, 60, 62, and 66-67 are dependent on the objected claims 1, 19, 29, 39, 54, 59 and 63.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

5. Claims 18, 26, 53 and 66 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 18, line 4: "the plurality of pseudo-differential signal voltages" lacks antecedent basis; line 6: "the signal receiver" lacks antecedent basis.

Claim 26, lines 5-6: "the resonant input frequency" lacks antecedent basis.

Claim 53, lines 2-3: "the buffered reference voltage" lacks antecedent basis.

Claim 66, line 2: "the signal voltages" lacks antecedent basis.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

7. Claims 1-2, 4-7, 9-13, 16-24, 27-29, 31-33, 37-40, 42-44, 48-49, 52-53, and 63-67 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Perner (US 5,818,261).

Regarding claims 1 & 39, in Figure 1 Perner teaches a pseudo differential bus driver and receiver for field programmable device, wherein the block 130 contains N precharge device 134s and N pull down device 132s and the block 140 contains N+1 set circuits of elements 142, 144 (NMOS cross point switch, column 3 lines 13-17), 146, and 148 to receive the pseudo differential signals (column 4 lines 13-22). The first set circuit of the first line 142, 144, 146, and 148 (as the reference receiver) receives the reference voltage V_{REF} (the common voltage) on the first line 142 with 146 (as an undistributed reference voltage) to one of the inputs of the first NMOS cross point switch 144 with 146 and 148 and provides a distributed voltage to the gate of each element 144 of the N+1 elements 144s (comprised in N receivers as well) of the block 140, to produce a voltage VR_0 (as the buffered voltage).

Each of the rest set circuits of elements 142, 144, 146, and 148, and each of the block 150s (as a receiver) receives signals related to I_1 to I_N on the second line 142 to the N+1th line 142 to one of the inputs of 144s respectively, wherein the i+1th set circuit

Art Unit: 2637

of elements 142, 144, 146, and 148, and the i^{th} block 150 (as i^{th} receiver, $i=1$ to N , the 2^{nd} to $N+1^{th}$ set circuits of block 140, column 4 lines 3-12) compose the receivers.

The second element 144 with its 146 and 148 and the first block 150 constitute one receiver (1^{st}) receiving an associated signal L10 and the VR0, the third element 144 with its 146 and 148 and the second block 150 constitute one receiver (2^{nd}) receiving an associated signal L20 and the VR0,..., and the $N+1^{th}$ element 144 with its 146 and 148 and the N^{th} block 150 constitute one receiver (N^{th}) receiving an associated signal LN0 and the VR0, to produce the output signal O (O_1 to O_N).

Regarding **claims 2 & 40**, in Figure 1 Perner teaches the comparators 156 comparing the associated signal Li0 ($i=1$ to N) and the VR0 to produce the output voltage O.

Regarding **claims 4, 42 & 67**, in Figure 1 Perner teaches that the VR0 proportional to the V_{REF} and is a differential signal (column 4 lines 13-22).

Regarding **claims 5, 43 & 66**, in Figure 1 Perner teaches the VR0 presenting the noise of L10 to LN0 relative to the V_{REF} on the first line 142 and 146 as shown in the circuit arrangement of Figure 1.

Regarding **claims 6, 7 & 44**, in Figure 1 Perner teaches the first line 142 with 146 (as the common reference voltage) to one of the inputs of the first NMOS cross point switch 144 with 146 and 148 (as the reference receiver) and a gate voltage (as the distributed reference voltage) to the other input of the first NMOS cross point switch 144 that the reference receiver views the relation of (compares) the distributed gate voltage and the common voltage V_{REF} at 144 and is responsive to the distributed gate voltage.

Regarding **claims 9-12, 20-21, 31-33 & 48-49**, in Figure 1, Perner teaches the N receivers comprising N set circuits of elements 142, 144, 146 and 148 (the i set circuit, i =1 to N, as the signal buffers) receiving the signals from 132 of I_1 to 132 of I_N on lines 142 and in response producing signals L10 to LN0 (as the buffered signals) respectively, wherein the Li0 (i=1 to N) is subject to a signal capacitance, and the VR0 is subject to a reference capacitance which is larger than the signal capacitance as shown in the arrangement of Figure 1 and column 1 lines 45-50 that the longer reference line wiring through more blocks having larger capacitance, hence the reference capacitance 148 of the first set circuit (the reference receiver) is greater than the signal capacitance on the signal line L10; and the receivers of Figure 1 are MOS devices which are source-followers.

Regarding **claims 13 & 24**, in Figure 1, Perner teaches that the first set circuit with 144 switch having a unity gain.

Regarding **claims 16, 27 & 37**, in Figure 2 and column 4 lines 15-20, Perner discloses the signal receivers 150 comparing the signal voltages V_{SIG} and the $V_{REF-REMOTE}$ (the buffered voltage from the reference voltage) to provide two values represented in the OUT. The two values are one is larger than the reference, the other is less than the reference, this is the pseudo differential signaling.

Regarding **claims 17 & 38**, in Figure 1 Perner discloses the VRO the buffered voltage and the reference voltage V_{REF} being subject to similar impedance as the balance on the reference line 142 connecting VRO and V_{REF} .

Regarding **claims 18, 28 & 52-53**, in Figure 1 Perner teaches that the noise is distributed equally between VR0 (the buffered voltage) distributed to signal receivers/buffers, and L10 to LNO the signal voltages as the layout and structure of the signal receivers 150 and VRO in the logic device 100 to enhance the performance (Abstract).

Regarding **claims 19 & 22-23**, in Figure 1, Perner discloses signal receivers/buffers (each consisting a set circuit of elements 142, 144, 146 & 148 and block 150) receiving associated signal voltages from signal inputs, one of L1O..LNO and the reference voltage from the reference input VRO. The signal receivers/buffers have comparators (element 156 of block 150) comparing the signal voltage LIO ($I=0..N$) with the reference voltage VRO to produce the output O_i ($i=0..N$), wherein the input impedance of the element 156 (or the impedance from the Li0) and the impedance of the reference voltage (from the VR0) are similar as two inputs to the signal receiver/buffer 156, and the noise is distributed equally between VRO the buffered voltage and L10 to LNO the signal voltages as the layout and structure of the signal receivers 150 and VRO in the receiver end (the second IC) of the logic device 100 of the Figure1.

Regarding **claims 29, 63 & 65**, in figure 1, Perner discloses the driver (element 130 the first integrated circuit) to transmit the reference voltage on the line 142 to VRO and the signal voltages on signal lines (with elements 132 & 142) to L10 to LNO, and the receiver end, the second integrated circuit, comprising (elements 150 included in the second IC) its associated pseudo differential signal voltage from signal input, one of

Art Unit: 2637

L10..LN0 and the reference voltage from the reference input VRO. The signal receiver (with element 156 in the block 150) compares the signal voltage LIO ($I=0..N$) with the reference voltage VRO by the element 156 (the comparator) to produce the output O_i ($i=0..N$). The noise is distributed equally between VRO the buffered voltage and L10 to LNO the signal voltages as the layout and structure of the signal receivers 150 and VRO in the receiver end (the second IC) of the logic device 100 of the Figure 1, wherein the block 150 is the two-stage signal receiver with the first stage element 156 and the second stage element 154, and with a equalization circuit 152 (column 3 lines 37-41) to reduce/cancel the noise (column 6 lines 25-35).

Regarding **claim 64**, in Figure 1 Perner discloses the input impedance of the element 156 (or the impedance from the L10) and the impedance of the reference voltage (from the VR0) are similar as two inputs to the signal receiver/buffer 156.

8. Claims 14, 25, 30, 35, 46-47 and 50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Perner (US 5,818,261) in view of Boudry (US 5,644,254).

Regarding **claims 14, 25, 30, 35, 46-47 & 50**, in Figure 1 Perner discloses the reference voltage VRO on the reference line/bus and signal voltage L10 on a signal line/bus on the circuit board. It is well known the reference line and signal line bear inductance and capacitance as the characteristic of the impedance, but Perner does not explicitly show the inductance.

However, Boudry teaches the scientific phenomenon in F1G.2 and column 1 lines 45-60, wherein the capacitance and inductance result in a resonant frequency for

Art Unit: 2637

optimizing impedance. As Perner's pseudo differential bus driver/receiver (element 100) using lines/buses being close to each other to transmit signals, at the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to have the Boudry's teaching for the purpose to have matched impedance to reduce the power assumption and provide clear signal (column 1 lines 15-30).

9. Claim 34 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Perner (US 5,818,261) in view of Sessions (US 5,994,925).

Regarding **claim 34**, Perner does not specify the reference buffer as a unit gain Amplifier, however, Sessions teaches a CMOS inverter (as the unit gain amplifier, column 1 lines 14-18) as the receiver buffer. At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to have the MOS switch 144 of the reference buffer replaced by the CMOS inverter taught by Sessions to receive the reference voltage/signal to produce the VR0 for the purpose to provide the accuracy of a differential receiver while reducing power dissipation (column 1 lines 60-63).

Allowable Subject Matter

10. Claims 3, 8, 15, 36, 41, 45 and 51 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims; and overcomes the objections set forth in this office action.

11. Claim 26 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, 2nd paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

12. Claims 54-62 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the objection(s) set forth in this Office action.

13. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

The prior art of record fails to teach or suggest, alone or in a combination, among Other things, at least an integrated circuit apparatus and its method of pseudo-differential voltage signaling as a whole, the combination of elements and features, which includes a reference receiver/buffer is a unity gain amplifier to produce a buffered voltage that represents the difference between an undistributed voltage in part on a common voltage and a distributed voltage received by multiple signal receivers, or the reference receiver/buffer having bandwidth of at least ten times the resonant input frequency, wherein the coupled signal noise introduced in the pseudo-differential voltage signaling is canceled.

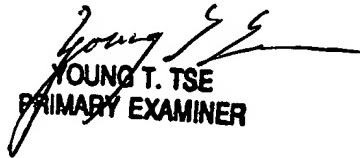
14. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Edith M. Chang whose telephone number is 571-272-3041. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F.

Art Unit: 2637

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jay K. Patel can be reached on 571-272-2988. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Edith Chang
June 15, 2005


YOUNG T. TSE
PRIMARY EXAMINER